

COMMERCIAL DIVING BOARDS FIBERGLASS OR ALUMINUM 8', 10', 12', 14' & 16' LENGTHS



ALL MINIMUM WATER ENVELOPE DIMENSIONS FOR RESIDENTIAL INGROUND SWIMMING POOLS MUST MEET THE ANSI/APSP/ICC-5 2011 AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARD FOR RESIDENTIAL INGROUND SWIMMING POOLS (REFERENCED THROUGHOUT THESE ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS AS "ANSI/APSP/ICC-5 2011"). ALL WATER ENVELOPE DIMENSIONS FOR PUBLIC SWIMMING POOLS MUST MEET THE ANSI/APSP/ICC-1 2014 STANDARD FOR PUBLIC SWIMMING POOLS (REFERENCED THROUGHOUT THESE ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS AS "ANSI/APSP/ICC-1 2014"). COMPLY WITH LOCAL GOVERNMENT REGULATIONS IF THEY EXCEED ANSI/APSP/ICC OR ANSI/NSPI STANDARDS.

ALL DIVING BOARDS AND RELATED EQUIPMENT ARE MANUFACTURED FOR INGROUND SWIMMING POOLS ONLY. FOLLOW ALL INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY AND INSPECT CLOSELY TO ASSURE PROPER AND SAFE INSTALLATION.

PROPER INSTALLATION CANNOT BE OVERSTATED. IMPROPER INSTALLATION VOIDS S.R. SMITH'S WARRANTY AND MAY AFFECT THE SAFETY OF THE USER.

IMPORTANT

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS
- PLEASE READ CAREFULLY-





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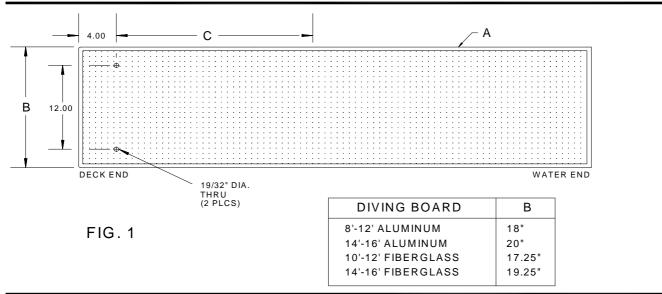
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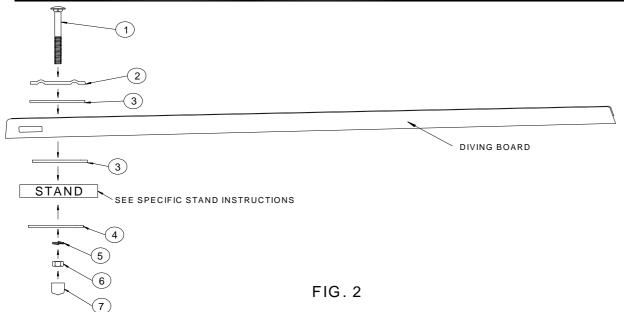
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COMMERCIAL DIVING BOARD

8', 10', 12', 14' & 16'

FRONTIER III PLUS • SWIM CLUB • EUREKA • ALUMINUM





18" COMMERCIAL MOUNTING KIT (67-209-903-SS) W/ 8'-12' BOARDS

- 1. ½" X 5" CARRIAGE BOLT SS (2 EA)
- 2. 18" TOP MOUNTING PLATE (1 EA)
- 3. 18" RUBBER MOUNTING PAD (2 EA)
- 4. 18" BOTTOM MOUNTING PLATE (1 ÉA)
- 5. 1/2" LOCK WASHER SS (2 EA)
- 6. ½" HEX NUT BRASS (2 EA)
- 7. ½" WHITE RUBBER NUT CAP (2 EA)

20" COMMERCIAL MOUNTIN KIT (67-209-904-SS) W/ 14'-16' BOARDS

- 1. ½" X 5" CARRIAGE BOLT SS (2 EA)
- 2. 20" TOP MOUNTING PLATE (1 EA)
- 3. 20" RUBBER MOUNTING PAD (2 EA)
- 4. 20" BOTTOM MOUNTING PLATE (1 ÉA)
- 5. ½" LOCK WASHER SS (2 EA)
- 6. ½" HEX NUT BRASS (2 EA)
- 7. ½" WHITE RUBBER NUT CAP (2 EA)

COMMERCIAL BOARDS

Chart 1 RULE SHEET Refer to Fig. 1

Model	Board	Fulcrum Setting
Commercial	Α	С
	8'	40" ± 4"
Aluminum Frontier III Plus Swim Club Eureka	10'	52" ± 5"
	12'	62" ± 6"
	14'	74" ± 6"
	16'	86" ± 6"

TABLE 1- S.R.SMITH PUBLIC POOL SPECIFICATIONS

RELATED DIVING EQUIPMENT			N. 4. Discourse of the sale delta because the fellowing spiritual states of the sale delta because the sale delta		
Pool Type	Max. Diving Board Length	Max. Board Hgt. Over Water	Note: Placement of boards shall observe the following minimum dimensions. With multiple board installations minimum pool wid must be increased accordingly.	lths	
VI	10'	(2/3 Meter) 26"	Deck Level Board to Pool Side		
VII	12'	(3/4 Meter) 30"	1 Meter Board to Pool Side 3 Meter Board to Pool Side	10' 11'	
VIII	16'	1 Meter	1 Meter or Deck Level Board to 3 Meter Board 1		
IX	16'	3 Meter	1 Meter or Deck Level to another 1 Meter or Deck Level Board 3 Meter to another 3 Meter Board		

NOTE: ALL BOARD AND STAND COMBINATIONS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH S.R. SMITH'S PUBLIC POOL SPECIFICATIONS AND ANSI/APSP/ICC-1 2014. SEE STAND INSTALLATION BOOKLET FOR APPROPRIATE POOL TYPE. COMPLY WITH LOCAL GOVERNMENT REGULATIONS FOR PUBLIC SWIMMING POOLS IF THEY EXCEED THE ANSI/APSP/ICC-1 2014 STANDARD.

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

CONCRETE DECK AROUND JIG MUST BE 6" THICK

- 1. Read carefully the following, and pages 4 through 9, which have been extracted from ANSI/APSP/ICC-1 2014 and pay particular attention to Figure 6.2.2 and Table 6.2.2 set forth therein.
- When mounting a diving board to a newly installed stand with a permanently fixed fulcrum, the correct measurement between the mounting holes and the fulcrum must be maintained so as not to void the warranty. (See Fulcrum Setting in Chart 1 RULE SHEET)
- 3. When mounting to an adjustable fulcrum set up, a deviation of plus or minus 12" is possible, however, the fulcrum setting in Chart 1 RULE SHEET must be maintained so as not to void the warranty.
- 4. Tighten hex nuts between 20 and 25 ft-lbs. For fiberglass boards and between 35 and 40 ft-lbs for aluminum boards. DO NOT OVER-TIGHTEN.

ONLY ONE PERSON ON DIVING BOARD AT A TIME, WITH A MAXIMUM WEIGHT LIMIT OF 250 LBS.

SELECTED SECTIONS EXTRACTED FROM ANSI/APSP/ICC-1 2014

AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARD FOR PUBLIC SWIMMING POOLS

Standard for Public Swimming Pools

1 Scope

- **1.1 Public swimming pools.** This standard covers public swimming pools to be used for swimming, bathing, competitive activities, or recreational activities and operated by an owner, lessee, operator, licensee, or concessionaire, regardless of whether a fee is charged for use.
- **1.1.1 Public swimming pools covered by this standard.** Public swimming pools covered by this standard include the following:
- 1.1.1 Class A pools. Any pool intended for use for accredited competitive aquatic events such as Federation Internationale De Natation (FINA), USA Swimming, USA Diving, USA Synchronized Swimming, USA Water Polo, National Collegiate Athletic Association (NCAA), National Federation of State High School Associations (NFHS). The use of the pool is not limited to competitive events.)
- **1.1.1.2 Class B pools.** Any pool, not otherwise classified, intended for public recreational use
- **1.1.1.3 Class C pools.** Semi-public pools. Any pool operated solely for and in conjunction with lodgings such as hotels, motels, apartments, condominiums.)
- **1.1.1.4 Class F pools.** Class F pools are wading pools and are covered within the scope of this standard as set forth in Sections 6.9 and 8.4.2 and as noted in other sections of the standard.
- **1.2 Variation in design.** This standard provides specifications for the design, equipment, operation, warning signs, installation, sanitation, new construction, and renovation of public swimming pools. This standard permits variations in equipment, materials, and design to accommodate special needs and considerations and advances in technology and to provide the required quality, strength, durability, and safety for the intended use.
- **1.3 Renovation.** Renovation does not include ordinary maintenance. Only those items that are renovated shall adhere to this standard. (See Section 3 Definitions)

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions that, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this American National Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this American National Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility

of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated at right.

Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) Accessibility guidelines for buildings and facilities; recreation facilities 1 ACI 302.1 R-04 (2004), Guide for concrete floor and slab construction 2

ANSI/APSP-2 1999 Standard for Public Spas 3

ANSI/NSF 50 (2012), Circulation system components and related materials for swimming pools, spas/hot tubs 4 ANSI/NSF 14 (2012), Plastics piping system components and related materials 5

ANSI/NEMA-MG1-2007, Motors and generators 6 ANSI/APSP/ICC-7 2013 Standard for Suction Entrapment Avoidance in Swimming Pools, Wading Pools, Spas, Hot Tubs, and Catch Basins 7

ANSI/APSP-16 2011 Standard for Suction Fittings for Use in Swimming Pools, Wading Pools, Spas, and Hot Tubs 8 ANSI/NFPA 70: National Electrical Code, 2014 9 ANSI Z21.56-2013/CSA 4.7-2013, Gas fired pool heaters 10

UL 1261 (2001), Standard for electric water heaters for pools and tubs $11\,$

UL 1995 (2011), Standard for heating and cooling equipment 12

ANSI/NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1 2012, National Fuel Gas Code 13

ANSI/NFPA 58 2014, Liquefied Petroleum Gas Code 14 ASME A112.1.2 (2012), Air gaps in plumbing systems 15 ANSI/APSP-11 2009 Standard for Water Quality in Public Pools and Spas 16

ANSI Z535 series for safety signs and colors (5 standards) (2011) 17

ASTM F2208-08, Standard specification for pool alarms 18 ASTM 1346-91(2010), Standard performance specification for safety covers and labeling requirements for all covers for swimming pools, spas, and hot tubs 19

- U.S. Architectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance Board, 1331 F Street, NW, Suite 1000, Washington, DC 20004, (202) 272-0080, www.access-board.gov
- 2 American Concrete Institute, 38800 Country Club Drive, Farmington Hills, MI 48331, (248) 848-3800, www.concrete.org
- 3, 7, 8, The Association of Pool and Spa Professionals, 2111 Eisenhower
- Avenue, Alexandria, VA 22314, (703) 838-0083, www.APSP.org
- 4, 5. NSF International, 789 N. Dixboro Rd., Ann Arbor, MI 48113 (734) 769-8010, www.nsf.org
- The Association of Electrical Equipment and Medical Imaging Manufacturers (NEMA), 1300 N. 17th Street, Suite 1847, Rosslyn, VA 22209 (703) 841-3200, www.nema.org
- 9, 13, National Fire Protection Association (NFPA), 1 Batterymarch 14. Park, Quincy, MA 02269 (617) 770-3000, www.nfpa.org
- American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 West 43rd Street, New York, NY 10036, NY (212) 642-4900, www.ansi.org
- 11, 12. Underwriters Laboratories (UL), 333 Pfingsten Road, Northbrook, IL 60062, (847) 272-8800, www.ul.com
- American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME), 3 Park Avenue, 20th Floor, New York, NY 10016, (212) 591-8562, www.asme.org
- 18, 19. ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, W. Conshohocken, PA 19428, (610) 832-9585, www.astm.org

3 Definitions

Public swimming pools are classified as follows for purposes of reference and application of this standard:

Class A pools: Class A pools are pool intended for use for accredited competitive aquatic events such as Fédération Internationale de Natation (FINA), USA Swimming, USA Diving, USA Synchronized Swimming, USA Water Polo, National Collegiate Athletic Association (NCAA), National Federation of State High School Associations (NFHS), etc. The pool may also be used for recreation. Class A pools are covered unless otherwise noted in the body of the standard. Class B pools: Class B pools are pools intended for public recreational swimming not otherwise classified. Class B pools are covered within the scope of this standard.

Class C pools: Class C pools are pools intended for use for apartments, condominiums, property owners associations, multi-family owned pools, etc. and are covered within the scope of this standard. Pools operated solely for and in conjunction with lodgings such as hotels and motels are also covered within the scope of this standard.

Class D pools: Class D pools are *not* covered within the scope of this standard. Class D pools are operated for special purposes, including but not limited to wave action pools, activity pools, leisure rivers, vortex pools, and sand bottom pools.

Class E pools: Class E pools are pools used for physical therapy and are above 86 °F (30 °C) and are *not* covered within the scope of this standard.

Class F pools: Class F pools are wading pools and are covered within the scope of this standard as set forth in Sections 6.9 and 8.4.2, and as noted in other sections of this standard.

remodel: To install cosmetic changes, accessory add-ons, alterations, or modernizations to a commercial installation. *See Renovate.*

renovate: To restore or repair all or part of a pool structure and/or its component parts, including the rebuilding and/or replacing of worn or broken parts. See *Remodel*. **slip-resisting**: A surface that has been so treated or constructed to significantly reduce the chance of a user slipping. The surface shall not be an abrasion hazard.

4 Code compliance

4.1 Codes. Pools covered by this standard shall be constructed and operated to comply with all local, state, and federal codes governing safety and environmental regulations.

5 General design

5.1 Plans and permits. Prior to construction, remodeling, or renovation of a permanently installed public swimming pool, plans and specifications shall be submitted to the authority (state or local) for review, approval, and issuance of a permit to construct, remodel, or renovate as required by the authority having jurisdiction.

- **5.2 Materials.** Swimming pools and all appurtenances thereto shall be constructed of materials that are nontoxic to humans and the environment; that are generally or commonly regarded to be impervious and enduring; that will withstand the design stresses; and that will provide a watertight structure with a smooth and easily cleanable surface without cracks or joints, (excluding structural joints), or to which a smooth, easily cleanable surface/finish is applied or attached.
- **5.2.1 Use of sand.** Clean sand or similar material, if used in a beach or pool environment, shall be used only over an impervious surface. The sand area shall be designed and controlled so that the circulation system, maintenance, safety, sanitation, and operation of the overall pool are not adversely affected.
- **5.3 Structural design.** The structural design shall be in accordance with accepted engineering practices.
- **5.4 Freeze protection**. In climates subject to freezing temperatures, the pool shell and appurtenances, piping, filter system, pump and motor, and other components shall be designed and constructed to facilitate protection from damage due to freezing.
- **5.5 Surface condition.** The surfaces within the pool intended to provide footing for users shall have a slip-resisting surface and shall not cause injury to the feet during normal use.
- **5.6 Colors and finishes.** The colors, patterns, or finishes of the pool interior shall not obscure objects or surfaces within the pool.
- **5.7** Accessibility for persons with disabilities. For Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) requirements for accessibility for persons with disabilities into public swimming pools, see ADA Accessibility guidelines for buildings and facilities, recreation facilities (ADAAG).

NOTE: For ADA requirements, see U.S. ADA Accessibility guidelines (ADAAG). (For more information on the U.S. Department of Justice Americans with Disabilities Act, visit the ADA web site at www.ada.gov. Some pools may be exempt from ADA. See ADA definition of public accommodation for Title II and (Title III facilities).

6 Dimensional design

- **6.1 Perimeter shape.** This standard is not intended to regulate the perimeter shape of swimming pools. It is the designer's responsibility to take into account the effect a given shape will have on the safety of the occupants and required circulation to ensure sanitation. All other dimensions, unless otherwise specified should allow a \pm 2 in. (51 mm) tolerance.
- **6.1.1** There shall be no protrusions, extensions, and means of entanglement, or other obstructions in the swimming pool areas that may cause the entrapment or injury of the user.
- **6.2** Allowable construction tolerances. Finished pool dimensions shall be held within the following construction tolerances as shown in Table 6.2.

Table 6.2 Construction Tolerances				
Design Requirements	Construction Tolerance Allowed			
Length – overall	± 3 in. (± 76 mm)			
Width – overall	± 3 in. (± 76 mm)			
Depth – deep area	± 3 in. (± 76 mm)			
Depth – shallow area	± 2 in. (± 51 mm)			
Step treads & risers	± 1/2 in. (± 13 mm)			
Waterline – pools with adjustable weir skimmers	± 1/4 in. (± 6 mm)			
Waterline – pools with non-adjustable skimming systems (gutters)	± 1/8 in. (± 3 mm)			
All dimensions not otherwise specified in this standard	± 2 in. (± 51 mm)			
Competitive pools – Class A pools – All dimensional requirements	As governed by authority having jurisdiction			

- **6.2** These construction tolerances are not applicable to Class A pools.
- **6.2.2 Diving Envelope.** Negative construction tolerances shall not be applied to the shallow dimensions of the Minimum Diving Envelope in Table 6.2.2.
- **6.3 Floor slope.** Floor slopes shall be in compliance with 6.3.1 through 6.3.5, except the requirements by the ADA Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG).
- **6.3.1** All pool floors shall be sloped to the drain
- **6.3.2** The slope of the floor in the shallow are shall not exceed 1 ft in 10 ft in Class C pools or 1 ft in 12 ft (1: 12) in Class B pools in any direction to the point of the first slope change, if a slope change exists.
- **6.3.3** The point of the first slope change shall be defined as the point at which the floor slope exceeds 1 ft in 10 ft (1:10) in Class C pools or 1 ft in 12 ft (1:12) in Class B pools.
- **6.3.4** The slope of the floor from the point of the fir slope change to the deep area shall not exceed 1 ft in 3 ft (1:3).

Figure 6.2.2: Construction dimensions for water envelopes for Class B and C pools

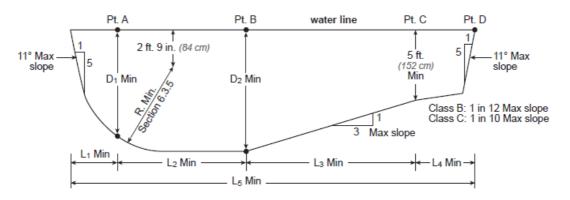
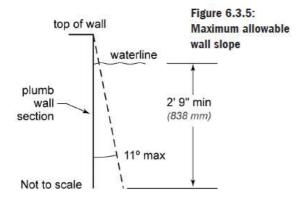


Table 6.2	Table 6.2.2: Minimum Diving Water Envelopes										
Pool	Minimum Dimensions					Minimum Width of Pool at:					
Type	D1	D2	R	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5	Pt. A	Pt. B	Pt. C
VI	7' – 0"	8' - 6"	5' - 6"	2' - 6"	8' - 0"	10' – 6"	7' – 0"	28' - 0"	16' – 0"	18' – 0"	18' – 0"
	(213 cm)	(259	(168	(76 cm)	(244	(320	(213	(853	(488 cm)	(549	(549
		cm)	cm)		cm)	cm)	cm)	cm)		cm)	cm)
VII	7' – 6"	9' – 0"	6' – 0"	3' – 0"	9' – 0"	12' – 0"	4' – 0"	28' - 0"	18' – 0"	20' – 0"	20' – 0"
	(229 cm)	(274	(183	(91 cm)	(274	(366	(122	(853	(549 cm)	(610	(610
		cm)	cm)		cm)	cm)	cm)	cm)		cm)	cm)
VIII	8' – 6"	10' – 0"	7' – 0"	4' – 0"	10' – 0"	15' – 0"	2' - 0"	31' – 0"	20' – 0"	22' – 0"	22' – 0"
	(259 cm)	(305	(213	(122	(305	(457	(610	(945	(610 cm)	(671	(671
		cm)	cm)	cm)	cm)	cm)	cm)	cm)		cm)	cm)
IX	11' – 0"	12' – 0"	8' – 6"	6' – 0"	10' – 6"	21' – 0"	0' - 0"	37' – 6"	22' – 0"	24' – 0"	24' – 0"
	(335 cm)	(366	(259	(183	(320	(640	(0 cm)	(11.4	(671 cm)	(732	(732
		cm)	cm)	cm)	cm)	cm)		m)		cm)	cm)

Note 1: Negative tolerances (see Section 6.2) shall not be applied to any to the dimensions shown in this table.

Note 2: Pool types dictate the minimum water envelope dimensions as specified by the diving board manufacturers.



6.3.5 Walls. Where walls join the floor the transitional point or profile shall comply with the following:

Except for Class A pool walls where racing lanes terminate, walls may slope a maximum of 11° from plumb (see Figure 6.3.5).

- Walls may intersect with the floor at an angle or transition profile
- At water depths between 3 ft to 5 ft (91 to 152 cm) the maximum radius shall be 2 ft 3 in. (69 cm).
- At water depths of 3 ft (91 cm) or less, a transitional radius shall not exceed 6 in. (15 cm) and shall be tangent to the wall and may be tangent to or intersecting the floor
- At water depths greater than 3 ft $(91\ cm)$, a transitional radius shall be tangent to the wall at a point no less than 2 ft 6 in. $(76\ cm)$ below the water surface and may progressively increase from 6 in. $(15\ cm)$ to a value capable of being tangent to, or intersecting, the floor
- **6.4 Water depths.** Water depths for swimming areas shall be a minimum depth of 3 ft (*91 cm*) unless the authority having jurisdiction specifies otherwise.
 6.4.1 Class A pools shall be designed and constructed to provide the dimensions specified by Fédération Internationale de Natation (FINA), USA Swimming, USA Diving, USA Synchronized Swimming, USA Water Polo, NCAA, NFHS, or other appropriate sanctioning body.
- **6.5 Diving.** This standard does **not** cover diving requirements for Class A pools. This standard covers diving requirements for Class B and Class C pools.
- **6.5.1** When manufactured or field fabricated diving equipment is installed, it shall conform to the specifications set forth in Sections 7.2.1 through 7.2.5.6. It shall be located in the deep area of the pool to provide at least the minimum dimensions as shown in *Table 6.2.2* and shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

- **6.6** Manufactured diving equipment installation and use instructions shall be provided by the diving equipment manufacturer, and shall specify the minimum water dimensions required for each diving board and diving stand combination. They shall refer to the diving envelope type of their choice by dimensionally relating their product to Point A on the diving envelopes as shown in *Figure 6.2.2*, *Table 6.2.2*, and Sections 6.6–6.6.1.2.
- **6.6.1 Point A.** Point A is the point from which all dimensions of width, length, and depth are established for the Minimum Diving Water Envelope (see *Figure 6.2.2* and *Table 6.2.2*). If the tip of the diving board or diving platform overhang is located at a distance of Point A or greater from the deep end wall, and the water depth at that location is equal to or greater than the water depth requirement at Point A, then the point on the water surface at the design water level directly below the center of the tip of the diving board or diving platform shall be designated as Point A.
- **6.6.1.1 Location of point A**. The Minimum Diving Water Envelope dimensions for pools with manufactured diving equipment shall be taken from Point A as shown in *Figure 6.2.2*. Point A shall be defined as the point on the water surface a the design water level where the water depth is required at Point A and is provided at a distance of Point A as shown in *Figure 6.2.2* and *Table 6.2.2* from the deep end wall. The center of the tip of the diving board or platform, manufactured or field fabricated, shall be located directly above Point A.
- **6.6.1.2** Point A, as shown in Figure 6.2.2 and Table 6.2.2, shall be the reference point of origin for all dimensions defining the minimum diving envelope.
- **6.6.2** Location of equipment and pool features in the minimum diving envelope. If the pool is designed for use with diving equipment, all steps, pool stairs, ladders, underwater benches, offset ledges, special features, and other accessory items, or any parts thereof, shall be located outside the Minimum Diving Envelope (see *Figure 6.3.5*).
- **6.7 Rest ledges**. Rest ledges along the pool walls are permitted. They shall not be less than 4 ft (*122 cm*) below the water surface. If a ledge is provided it shall be at least 4 in. (*10 cm*) wide and no more than 6 in. (*15 cm*) wide.
- **6.8 Maximum user load**. The maximum user load of Class B or Class C pools shall be in accordance with *Table* 6.8.
- **6.9 Wading pools.** A wading pool shall be a separate pool with an independent circulation system and physically separated from the main pool as described in Sections 6.9.1 through 6.9.5.

Table 6.8: Maximum User Load						
Pool/Deck Area	Shallow Instructional or	Deep Area (not including	Diving Area (per each diving			
	Wading Areas	diving are)	board)			
Pools with minimum deck area	15 sq ft. per user (1.35 m2 per	20 sq ft. per user (1.8 m2 per	300 sq ft. per user (27 m2 per			
(see 7.1.6-7.1.6.1.)	user)	user)	user)			
Pools with deck area at least	12 sq ft. per user (1.08 m2 per	15 sq ft. per user (1.35 m2 per	300 sq ft. per user (27 m2 per			
equal to water surface area	user)	user)	user)			
Pools with deck area at least	8 sq ft. per user (0.72 m2 per	10 sq ft. per user (0.9 m2 per	300 sq ft. per user (27 m2 per			
twice the water surface area	user)	user)	user)			

- **6.9.1** Areas where the water depth at the edge of the pool exceeds 9 in. (23 cm) shall be considered non-entry areas and must be protected by natural or artificial barriers.
- **6.9.2** Floors of wading pools shall be uniform and sloped to drains, if existing with a maximum slope of 1 ft in 12 ft (1: 12)
- **6.9.3** The maximum water depth shall be 18 in. (457 mm).
- **6.9.4** The maximum distance from the top of the deck to the water line shall not exceed 6 in. (15 cm).
- **6.9.5** Suction entrapment avoidance methods for wading pools shall be in accordance with ANSI/APSP/ICC-7. **Exception**: Suction outlets are prohibited in wading pools.

7 Decks and deck equipment

- **7.1** Decks shall comply with Sections 7.1.1 through 7.1.17, as applicable.
- **7.1.1** Deck(s) shall be designed and installed in accordance with the engineering methods required by the authority having jurisdiction.
- **7.1.1.1** In the absence of specific local requirements a concrete deck shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the recommended practices of the latest published edition of American Concrete Institute (ACI) *Standard* 302.1r-2004, *Guide for Concrete Floor and Slab* Construction, or in accordance with the requirements of the local authority, the authority having jurisdiction, or both. The deck shall be designed and constructed to meet the applicable requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act.
- **7.1.2** Decks, ramps, coping, and similar step surfaces shall be slip-resisting and cleanable.
- **7.1.3** Special features in or on deck(s) such as markers, brand insignias, or similar materials shall be slip-resisting.
- **7.1.4** Step risers for the deck shall be uniform and have a minimum height of 3-3/4 in. (9.5 cm) and a maximum height of 7-1/2 in. (19 cm). A handrail shall be provided for stairs having three or more risers. The minimum tread distance from front to back shall be 11 in. (28 cm).
- **7.1.5** The deck or unobstructed access shall be provided at a minimum of 65% of the pool perimeter to meet the requirement of the 10/20 rule.
- **NOTE:** The 10/20 rule states that a qualified lifeguard or a number of lifeguards shall be trained and stationed in a manner that will permit them to identify an incident or trauma within ten (10) seconds of its initiation. Upon identification of the incident o trauma, the guard shall be able to respond to and initiate indicated protocol appropriate to the circumstance within twenty (20) additional seconds.
- **7.1.5.1** A minimum 4 ft (122 cm) deck width shall be provided on the sides and rear of any diving equipment, including diving boards, jump boards, diving rocks, platforms, starting blocks. A deck clearance of 3 ft (91 cm) shall be provided around all other deck equipment.
- **7.1.6** The minimum slope of the deck(s) shall be 1/8 in. per ft (1:96) for textured, hand-finished concrete decks; 1/4 in. per ft (1:48) for exposed aggregate concrete decks; 1/2 in. per 1 ft (1:24) for indoor/outdoor carpeting decks; and 3/8 in. per ft (1:32) for brick and heavy textured finishes, unless an alternate drainage method is provided that prevents the accumulation of pooling of water (see *Table 7.1.6*).

- **7.1.6.1** Decks shall be sloped so that standing water shall be no deeper than 1/8 in. (3 mm), 20 minutes after the cessation of the addition of water to the deck.
- **NOTE:** Two stacked U.S. quarters can be used to measure the depth. Water should not cover the quarters.

Table 7.1.6: Typical minimum drainage slopes				
Surface	Minimum drainage slope			
Textured, hand-finished concrete	1/8 in./ft (1: 96)			
Exposed aggregate	1/4 in./ft <i>(1: 48)</i>			
Carpet	1/2 in./ft <i>(1: 24)</i>			
Brick and heavy textures, finished	3/8 in./ft (1: 32)			

- **7.1.7** The maximum slope of all decks, other than wood decks, shall be 1/2 in. per ft (1:24) except for ramps. **7.1.7.1** The maximum slope for wood decks shall be 1/8 in.
- per ft (1: 96). **7.1.7.2** Gaps shall be required between deck boards in wood decks, and shall be consistent with approved
- wood decks, and shall be consistent with approved engineering methods with respect to the type of wood used. They shall not cause a tripping hazard.
- **7.1.8** The maximum open gap between pool decks and adjoining decks or walkways, including joint material, shall be 3/4 in. (19 mm). The difference in vertical elevation between the pool deck and the adjoining sidewalk shall be 1/4 in. (6 mm) unless it conforms to Section 7.1.4.
- **7.1.9** Construction joints where the pool coping meets the concrete deck(s) shall be watertight.
- **7.1.10** Construction joints where the pool coping meets the concrete deck(s) shall be installed to protect the coping and its mortar bed from damage as a result of the anticipated movement of adjoining deck(s).
- **7.1.11** Control joints in deck(s) shall be provided to minimize visible cracks outside the control joints due to imposed stresses and/or movement of the slab.
- **7.1.12** Areas where decks join existing concrete work shall be protected by an expansion joint to protect the pool from the pressures of relative movements.
- **7.1.13** The edges of all decks shall be radiused, tapered, or otherwise designed to eliminate sharp corners.
- **7.1.14 Pressure tests.** The pressure testing of the pool piping shall be maintained throughout the pool's construction and in accordance with Section 8.4.
- **7.1.15** Valves installed in or under any deck(s) shall have access provided for operation, service, and maintenance. Access covers shall be provided.
- **7.1.16** Hose bibb(s), with a cross connection control to prevent backflow, shall be provided for rinsing down the entire deck and shall be in accordance with the authority having jurisdiction.
- **7.1.17** Water-powered devices (such as water-powered lifts) shall have a dedicated hose bib (water source) with approved backflow protection in accordance with the authority having jurisdiction.
- **7.2 Deck equipment.** Deck equipment including diving facilities and starting blocks shall comply with Sections 7.2.1 through 7.4, as applicable.
- **7.2.1** A minimum 4 ft (122 cm) deck width shall be provided on the sides and rear of any diving equipment, including diving boards, jump boards, diving rocks, platforms, starting blocks.

- **7.2.2 Starting blocks.** Starting blocks are intended for competitive swimming and shall conform to Fédération Internationale de Natation (FINA), USA Swimming, National Collegiate Athletic Association (NCAA), or National Federation of State High Schools Associations (NFHS) regulations.
- **7.2.3** The diving equipment manufacturer shall specify minimum head room required above the tip of the board. **7.2.4** Public pools with diving equipment of 1 meter (39.4 in.) or greater in height, or pools designed for springboard or platform diving, shall comply with the dimensional design requirements of Fédération Internationale de Natation (FINA), USA Diving, National Collegiate Athletic Association (NCAA), National Federation of State High Schools Association (NFHS) or the appropriate sanctioning body.
- **7.2.5** Diving equipment. Diving equipment shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.
- **7.2.5.1** The diving equipment manufacturer shall affix a label to the diving equipment.
- **7.2.5.2** A label shall be permanently affixed to and visibly located on the diving equipment or jump board and shall include but not be limited to the following:
- The minimum water envelope required for each diving board and diving stand combination.
- Manufacturer's name and address.
- Manufacturer's identification and date of man-facture, and
- The maximum weight of the user.
- **7.2.5.3** The diving equipment manufacturer shall provide diving equipment use instructions.
- **7.2.5.4** Diving equipment shall have slip-resisting tread surfaces.
- **7.2.5.5** Supports for diving equipment. Supports, platforms, stairs, and ladders for diving equipment shall be designed to carry the anticipated loads. Stairs and ladders shall be of corrosion-resisting material and shall be easily cleanable and with slip-resisting tread. All diving stands higher than 21 in. (53 cm) measured from the deck to the top back end of the board shall be provided with stairs and/or a ladder. Step treads shall be self-draining.
- **7.2.5.6** Diving equipment 1 meter (39.4 in.) high or higher shall be provided with a top guard rail, which shall be at least 30 in. (76 cm) above the diving board, and extend to above the edge of the pool wall.
- **7.2.5.7** Springboard fall protection guards. Spring-boards located at a height greater than 5 ft $(1.5 \, m)$ above the pool deck shall have a fall protection guard on each side of the springboard. The design and the selection of the materials of construction of such fall protection guards shall be determined by the manufacturer of the springboard support structure. The installation and maintenance of such fall protection guards shall be in accordance with the fall protection guard manufacturer's instructions.
- **7.3 Swimming pool slides.** Swimming pool slides, when installed, shall comply with the requirements of the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) as published in the *Code of Federal Regulations*, 16 CFR, Part 1207. The manufacturer shall provide installation and use instructions with each slide. Each slide shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- **7.4 Play/water activity equipment.** When installed, play/water activity equipment shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

For a copy of the complete ANSI/APSP/ICC-1 2014 American National Standard for Commercial Inground Swimming Pools contact:

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